

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Name of the substance Propylene

Identification number 601-011-00-9 (Index number)

Registration number -

Synonyms None.
SDS number WC001

Product number MAP-Pro™, PRO-Max™

Issue date 26-February-2017

Version number 02

Revision date 05-December-2019 **Supersedes date** 26-February-2017

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified usesHand Torch FuelUses advised againstNone known.1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier Faithfull Tools

Address 3 White Lodge Business Estate, Hall Road,

Norwich, Norfolk, NR4 6DG, United Kingdom

Contact person Martin Smith

E-mail address msmith@faithfulltools.com

Telephone number 07976 720244

1.4. Emergency telephone 01603 671640 - Faithfull Tools

number

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The substance has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

Physical hazards

Flammable gases (including chemically

Category 1

H220 - Extremely flammable gas.

Gases under pressure

unstable gases)

Liquefied gas H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Hazard summary Contents under pressure. Heat may cause the containers to explode. Vapours may cause a flash

fire or ignite explosively. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. Not classified for health hazards. However, occupational exposure to the mixture or substance(s) may cause

adverse health effects.

2.2. Label elements

Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended

Hazard pictograms

Signal word Danger

Hazard statements

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Propylene SDS UK
909050 Version #: 02 Revision date: 05-December-2019 Issue date: 26-February-2017 1/8

Response

Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. P377

In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources. P381

Storage

Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. P410 + P403

Not assigned. Disposal

Supplemental label information None.

2.3. Other hazards May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

This substance does not meet vPvB / PBT criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

General information

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes
Propylene	99.5 - 100	115-07-1 204-062-1	- -	601-011-00-9	
Classification:	Flam. Gas 1;H220, Press. Gas;H280				U
Impurities					
Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes
Propane	0 - 0.5	74-98-6	-	601-003-00-5	

List of abbreviations and symbols that may be used above

Note U (Table 3.1): When put on the market gases have to be classified as "Gases under pressure", in one of the groups compressed gas, liquefied gas, refrigerated liquefied gas or dissolved gas. The group depends on the physical state in which the gas is packaged and therefore has to be assigned case by case.

Composition comments

The full text for all H-statements is displayed in section 16.

200-827-9

Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General information Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to

protect themselves.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or

> others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory tract irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist

ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Not likely, due to the form of the product. If frostbite occurs, immerse affected area in warm water Skin contact

(not exceeding 105°F/41°C). Keep immersed for 20 to 40 minutes. Get medical attention

immediately.

Not likely, due to the form of the product. If frostbite occurs, immediately flush eyes with plenty of Eye contact

warm water (not exceeding 105°F/41°C) for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact

lenses. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms persist or occur after washing.

Ingestion This material is a gas under normal atmospheric conditions and ingestion is unlikely.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vapourizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn"). Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Asphyxiation may bring about

unconsciousness without warning and so rapidly that victim may be unable to protect themself. Exposure may aggravate pre-existing respiratory disorders. Provide general supportive measures

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed and treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

General fire hazards Extremely flammable gas. Contents under pressure. Pressurised container may explode when

exposed to heat or flame.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water fog. Foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture Extremely flammable gas. May form explosive mixtures with air. Gas may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Propylene SDS UK 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Special fire fighting procedures

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Do not extinguish fires unless gas flow can be stopped safely; explosive re-ignition may occur. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus. Stop flow of material. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and to protect personnel effecting shutoff. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors and to protect personnel attempting to stop leak. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Cool

containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Evacuate the area promptly. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. In the event of a leak evacuate all personnel until ventilation can restore oxygen concentrations to safe levels. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering

For emergency responders

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up.

6.2. Environmental precautions

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Should not be released into the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without

risk. If possible, turn leaking containers so that gas escapes rather than liquid. Isolate area until

gas has dispersed.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Do not smoke. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not breathe gas. Avoid prolonged exposure. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store, incinerate, or heat this material above 120 degrees Fahrenheit. Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Protect cylinders from damage. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

Hand Torch Fuel. 7.3. Specific end use(s)

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits No exposure limits noted for ingredient(s).

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Recommended monitoring

procedures

Follow standard monitoring procedures.

Derived no effect levels

(DNELs)

Not available.

Predicted no effect concentrations (PNECs) Not available.

Control banding approach

Follow standard monitoring procedures.

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering

controls

Provide adequate ventilation and minimize the risk of inhalation of gas. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below

recommended exposure limits.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in **General information**

discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.

Eye/face protection Wear approved safety glasses or goggles. Face shield is recommended.

Propylene SDS UK 909050 Version #: 02 Revision date: 05-December-2019 Issue date: 26-February-2017 3/8

Skin protection

- Hand protection Regular work gloves.

Wear protective clothing appropriate for the risk of exposure. - Other

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure Respiratory protection

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Contact with liquefied gas might cause frostbites, in some cases with tissue damage. Wear Thermal hazards

appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

Hygiene measures When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing

after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work

clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

Environmental exposure

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. Fume scrubbers, filters or

engineering modifications to the process equipment may be necessary to reduce emissions to

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Gas.

Form Compressed liquefied gas.

Colour Colourless.

Odour Hydrocarbon or mercaptan if odorized.

Not available. **Odour threshold** Not applicable. pН -185 °C (-301 °F) Melting point/freezing point -48 °C (-54.4 °F) Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Boiling point pressure 101.33 kPa

Flash point -107.8 °C (-162.0 °F)

Not applicable. **Evaporation rate**

Extremely flammable gas. Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

2 % v/v

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

11 % v/v

109.73 PSIG Vapour pressure Vapour pressure temp. 21 °C (69.8 °F) Vapour density 1.5 (gas) (Air=1) 0 °C (32 °F) Vapour density temp.

0.52 (liquid) (H2O=1) Relative density

384 mg/l - Slightly soluble in water. Solubility(ies)

Partition coefficient

(n-octanol/water)

497.22 °C (927 °F) **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature** Not available. Not available. Viscosity Not explosive. **Explosive properties** Not oxidising

Oxidising properties 9.2. Other information

> Molecular weight 42 g/mol Percent volatile 100 %

16.7 mN/m (90 °C (194 °F)) Surface tension

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stability Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.

Propylene SDS UK 909050 Version #: 02 Revision date: 05-December-2019 Issue date: 26-February-2017

10.3. Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Polymerization will not occur. May form explosive mixture with air. This product may react with

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Protect against direct sunlight. Contact with incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible materials

decomposition products

Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids. Halogens. Nitrates.

10.6. Hazardous

Thermal decomposition of this product can generate carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Hydrocarbons.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General information Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.

Information on likely routes of exposure

High concentrations: Suffocation (asphyxiant) hazard - if allowed to accumulate to concentrations Inhalation

> that reduce oxygen below safe breathing levels. Breathing of high concentrations may cause dizziness, light-headedness, headache, nausea and loss of co-ordination. Continued inhalation

may result in unconsciousness.

Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite. Skin contact Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite. Eye contact

This material is a gas under normal atmospheric conditions and ingestion is unlikely. Ingestion

Headache. Dizziness. Fatigue. Nausea, vomiting. Very high exposure can cause suffocation from Symptoms

lack of oxygen. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Asphyxiation may bring about unconsciousness without warning and so rapidly

that victim may be unable to protect themself.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Not expected to be acutely toxic. Acute toxicity

Components **Species Test Results**

Propylene (CAS 115-07-1)

Acute

Inhalation Gas

LC50 Rat

> 65000 ppm, 4 Hours

Skin corrosion/irritation

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Propylene (CAS 115-07-1)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Not likely, due to the form of the product. **Aspiration hazard**

Mixture versus substance

information

No information available.

Other information Exposure over a long period of time may cause central nervous system effects.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment. 12.1. Toxicity

12.2. Persistence and

degradability

Not relevant, due to the form of the product.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Not relevant, due to the form of the product.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow)

Propylene (CAS 115-07-1) 1.77 Propane (CAS 74-98-6) 2.36

Propylene SDS UK

Not available. **Bioconcentration factor (BCF)**

Not relevant, due to the form of the product. 12.4. Mobility in soil

This substance does not meet vPvB / PBT criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII. 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation

potential.

Substance Global Warming Potential per (Annex IV), Regulation 517/2014/EU on fluorinated greenhouse gases, as

2

amended

Propylene (CAS 115-07-1)

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Residual waste Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Contaminated packaging

EU waste code 16 05 04*

The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Use the container until empty. Do not dispose of any non-empty container. Empty containers have Disposal methods/information

residual vapor that is flammable and explosive. Cylinders should be emptied and returned to a hazardous waste collection point. Do not puncture or incinerate even when empty. Dispose in

accordance with all applicable regulations.

Special precautions Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR

UN1075 or UN1978 14.1. UN number

14.2. UN proper shipping

name

PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED or PROPANE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk 2.1 Label(s) Hazard No. (ADR) 23 **Tunnel restriction code**

14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards No.

14.6. Special precautions Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

for user

RID

UN1075 or UN1978 14.1. UN number

PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED or PROPANE 14.2. UN proper shipping

name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk

2.1 (+13) Label(s)

14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards No.

14.6. Special precautions Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

for user ADN

> 14.1. UN number UN1075 or UN1978

14.2. UN proper shipping PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED or PROPANE

Revision date: 05-December-2019

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk Label(s) 2.1 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards No.

14.6. Special precautions

Version #: 02

Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

for user

IATA

909050

14.1. UN number UN1075 or UN1978

SDS UK Propylene

Issue date: 26-February-2017

14.2. UN proper shipping Petroleum gases, liquefied or Propane

name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 2.1 Class Subsidiary risk 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards No.

14.6. Special precautions Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

for user

ERG Code

IMDG

14.1. UN number UN1075 or UN1978

14.2. UN proper shipping PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED or PROPANE

name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk 14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards Marine pollutant No.

<u>F-D</u>, S-U **EmS** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

14.6. Special precautions

for user Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulations

Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended Not listed

Regulation (EC) No. 850/2004 On persistent organic pollutants, Annex I as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as amended

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA Not listed.

Authorisations

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorization, as amended Not listed.

Restrictions on use

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use as amended Propvlene (CAS 115-07-1)

Directive 2004/37/EC: on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens and mutagens at work, as amended.

Not listed.

Other EU regulations

Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended

Propylene (CAS 115-07-1)

Propylene SDS UK Other regulations The product is classified and labelled in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP

Regulation) as amended. This Safety Data Sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended. Young people under 18 years old are not allowed to work with this product according to EU Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work, as

mended

National regulations

Follow national regulation for work with chemical agents in accordance with Directive 98/24/EC, as

amended.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

List of abbreviations

ADN: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland

Waterways

ADR: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous

Chemicals in Bulk.

IMDG Code: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.

LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50%.

MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships.

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic.

RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

vPvB: very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative.

References ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices

EPA: AQUIRE database

HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Information on evaluation method leading to the classification of mixture

The classification for health and environmental hazards is derived by a combination of calculation

methods and test data, if available.

Full text of any H-statements not written out in full under Sections 2 to 15

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Training information

Disclaimer

Follow training instructions when handling this material.

Worthington Cylinder Corporation cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and

its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently

available.

Propylene SDS UK